

At Nutley CE primary, using creativity and imagination, children design and make products that solve real and relevant problems within a variety of contexts, considering their own and others' needs, wants and values. Children learn how to take risks, becoming resourceful, innovative and enterprising. Children are also taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. We believe that cooking, as well as being enjoyable and creative, is a crucial life skill that enables children to feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life.

As a school we are working to the following definitions for each of the following Design and Technology principles: USER, AUTHENTICITY, PURPOSE, FUNCTIONALITY, INNOVATION and DESIGN DESCISIONS

USER – Pupils should have a clear idea of who they are designing and making products for, considering their needs, wants, values, interests and preferences. The intended users could be themselves or others, an imaginary or story-based character a client, a consumer or a specific target group.

AUTHENTICITY- Pupils should design and make products that are believable, real and meaningful to themselves and others.

PURPOSE – Pupils should be able to clearly communicate the purpose of the products they are designing and making. Each product they create should be designed to perform one or more defined tasks. Pupils' products should be evaluated through use.

FUNCTIONALITY- Pupils should design and make products that work/function effectively in order to fulfil users' needs, wants and purposes. In DT, it is insufficient for children to design and make products that are purely aesthetic.

INNOVATION – When designing and making, pupils need some scope to be original with their thinking. Projects that encourage innovation lead to a range of design ideas and products being developed and are characterised by engaging open ended starting points for learning.

DESIGN DESCISIONS – Pupils need opportunities to make their own design decisions. Making design decisions allows pupils to demonstrate their creative, technical and practical expertise and use learning from other subjects. When making design decisions, pupils decide on the form their product will take, how the product will work, what task or tasks it will perform and who the product will be for.



National Curriculum statements - Key stage 1

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

• design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria

• generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Make

- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Evaluate

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

Technical knowledge

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.

Cooking and nutrition

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from.

Believe and Achieve



National Curriculum statements - Key stage 2

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment].

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

• use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups

• generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

• select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately

• select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

Evaluate

- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world

Technical knowledge

- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]
- understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]
- apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.

Cooking and nutrition

• understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet

Believe and Achieve



- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed

	RESEARCH			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two	
Create collaboratively, sharing	Children safely use and explore a	Children safely use and explore a	Children safely use and explore a	
ideas, resources and skills.	variety of materials, tools and	variety of materials, tools and	variety of materials, tools and	
Explore, use and refine a	techniques, experimenting with	techniques, experimenting with	techniques, experimenting with colour,	
variety of artistic effects to	colour, design, texture, form and	colour, design, texture, form and	design, texture, form and function.	
express their ideas and	function.	function.	Children use what they have learnt	
feelings.	Children use what they have learnt	Children use what they have learnt	about media and materials in original	
	about media and materials in original	about media and materials in	ways, thinking about uses and	
	ways, thinking about uses and	original ways, thinking about uses	purposes.	
	purposes.	and purposes.	Children represent their own ideas,	
	Children represent their own ideas,	Children represent their own ideas,	thoughts and feelings through design	
	thoughts and feelings through design	thoughts and feelings through design	and technology.	
	and technology.	and technology.		

DESIGN			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.	Talk about what they want to make, in relation to the design brief and their research.	Use their research to develop some of their own design criteria.	Use their research to develop their own design criteria. Draw a fully labelled/annotated



Draw a labelled picture of their	Draw a fully labelled sketch/diagram	sketch/diagram of their product,
product, which may include parts,	of their product, including some	including measurements and cross-
components, materials.	measurements.	sections.
Choose the	Indicate where electrical	Indicate where/how materials will be
materials/ingredients/tools they	components will go	joined in order to create a stable
will use, from a selection.	and briefly explain how they will	structure.
Write a list of the materials/	function.	Indicate where electrical components
ingredients/tools	Choose the materials/ ingredients	will go and explain how they will
they will need.	/tools they will use, based on their	function.
Food and cookery:	suitability for the task.	Explain how computer programming
Understand that the basic principles of	List the materials/ ingredients/tools	will control the product.
a healthy and varied diet feature	they will need.	Indicate where mechanisms will go and
within their design.	Order the main stages of making.	explain how they will function
Create a basic recipe, using drawings	Use computer aided design.	Choose the materials/ingredients/tools
and labels.	Food and cookery	they will use, based on their suitability
	Use the principles of a healthy and	for the task, including sourcing their
	varied diet to help inform their	own materials where appropriate.
	design decisions.	List the materials/ ingredients/tools
	Understand seasonality and locality	they will need.
	of food and use this knowledge	Write instructions for how they intend
	when designing their product.	to make their product.
	Create/adapt a recipe, including	
	some weight/volume	Food and cookery
	measurements.	Independently apply the principles of a
		healthy and varied diet to inform their
		design decisions.



	Apply their knowledge of seasonality and locality of food to inform their
	design decisions.
	Create/adapt a recipe, including
	weight/volume measurements.

	MAKE - CONSTRUCTION			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two	
Explore, use and refine a	Mark materials before cutting and	Measure and mark materials before	Measure and mark materials with	
variety of artistic effects to	sometimes measure.	cutting.	increased accuracy, before cutting.	
express their ideas and	Cut paper and other materials safely	Cut materials accurately, using	Cut materials accurately, using	
feelings.	and with increasing accuracy.	appropriate tools.	appropriate tools.	
Create collaboratively,	Begin to choose the most effective	Score and fold paper/card	Join a range of materials using a variety	
sharing ideas, resources and	joining methods for the	accurately.	of suitable methods.	
skills.	task/materials.	Join a range of materials using a	Test their product as they work, making	
Safely use and explore a	Use simple components, such as split	variety of methods, usually choosing	informed adjustments and striving to	
variety of materials, tools	pins.	the method most suited to the task.	address any anticipated problems.	
and techniques,	Test their product as they work, to see	Test their product as they work,	Apply their prior knowledge and	
experimenting with colour,	if it meets the requirements of the	making informed adjustments to	understanding to make structures	
design, texture, form and	intended user.	ensure their product meets the	stiffer/ more stable as they	
function.	Apply their knowledge of materials to	design criteria.	work.	
Use a range of small tools,	make a structure stiffer/ more stable	Apply their prior knowledge and	Create a working mechanism (pulleys	
including scissors,	as they work.	understanding to make structures	and gears) and incorporate it into their	
paintbrushes and cutlery.		stiffer/ more stable as they	product.	
		work.		



Create a working mechanism and levers and wheels and a incorporate it into their pro	(les) and and linkages and pneumatics) and	Create a more complex electrical circuit with switches and incorporate it into their product. Programme a computer to control their product. Create a polished and well-finished product.
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	MAKE - TEXTILES			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two	
Explore, use and refine a	Making/using simple paper pattern	Making/using simple paper pattern	Making/using a paper pattern (front and	
variety of artistic effects to	pieces.	pieces.	back	
express their ideas and	Cutting fabric carefully.	Cutting fabric carefully.	pieces).	
feelings.	Learning sewing basics – threading a	Learning sewing basics – threading a	Including a seam allowance.	
	needle, knotting your thread,	needle, knotting your thread,	Cutting fabric accurately.	
	finishing off.	finishing off.	Sewing basics – threading a needle,	
	Sewing using running stitch,	Sewing using running stitch,	knotting your thread, finishing off.	
	attempting to produce neat, equal	attempting to produce neat, equal	Sewing neatly using running stitch/back	
	stitches.	stitches.	stitch.	
	Creating a design on fabric using	Creating a design on fabric using	Turning out so stitching is hidden.	
	applique.	applique.	Creating designs on fabric using	
	Creating a design on fabric using	Creating a design on fabric using	applique/pens/ paint.	
	pens/paint.	pens/paint.	Incorporating a fastening component –	
		Sewing on simple components –	button/zip/press stud.	



buttons/sequ	ins/ribbons.

MAKE - FOOD			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	Observe basic food hygiene procedures with support – washing hands; washing fruit/veg; keeping meat separate; cleaning surfaces before and after preparing food. Use a knife and chopping board to neatly chop ingredients. Use a spoon to add condiments. Serve food in an appealing way. Clean/wash up after themselves.	Observe basic food hygiene procedures –washing hands, washing fruit/veg; avoiding cross contamination when preparing raw meat; cleaning surfaces before and after preparing food. Use appropriate tools to peel, chop, slice, grate and mix ingredients. Serve food in an appealing way, i.e. in a wrap, open sandwich, in a pitta. Clean/wash up after themselves.	Observe basic food hygiene procedures – washing hands, washing fruit/veg; avoiding cross contamination when preparing raw meat; cleaning surfaces before and after preparing food. Use appropriate tools to peel, chop, slice, grate and mix ingredients. Mix, kneed and roll out dough Cook food in the oven and/or on a stove top, ensuring it is fully cooked. Serve food in an appealing way. Clean/wash up after themselves.

EVALUATE			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Return to and build on their	Describe what went well and which	Identify and discuss the strengths of	Identify and discuss the strengths of their
previous learning, refining	aspects of their product they are	their product.	product.
ideas and developing their	pleased with.	Identify any areas for development/	Identify any areas for development/
ability to represent them.		improvements that could be made.	improvements that could be made.



Share their creations,	Describe anything that didn't work	Discuss whether the product meets	Discuss whether the product meets the
explaining the process they	as well and any changes they had to	the requirements of the brief/the	requirements of the brief/the needs of
have used.	make.	needs of the user – is it fit for	the user – is it fit for purpose?
	Discuss what the intended user	purpose?	Take part in peer evaluation, giving and
	might think about the product.	Take part in peer evaluation, giving	receiving feedback from fellow pupils.
	Suggest how their product could be	and receiving feedback from fellow	
	improved.	pupils.	

	DT	Cycle A	
Autumn Term 1			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Magical Me Key Question - What makes me, me?	Castles and Kingdoms Key Question – Why do we have castles?	Curiouser and curiouser Key Question– What's that sound?	Amazing South America Key Question – Deforestation - What's the problem?
Research: Junk modelling – how can we turn a box into something else? Using the book: 'Not a box'	Research: Explore flanges, slots and flaps to join pieces together.	Research: Explore different ways to make various sounds using different materials. How can we create a high/low pitch? Explore the work of the Recycled Orchestra of Cateura.	Research: DT not taught this term
Make: Child choice – will the box be a pirate ship? A rocket? A castle? A fire engine?	Make: Make structures from paper then card. Make a 'machine' to include joining methods.	Make: Make own musical instrument from recycled materials.	Make:



Evaluate:	Evaluate:	Evaluate:	Evaluate:
Can we 'make it better'?	Evaluate what went well and what	What went well, what could I do	
Children to evaluate with their	would work to make a mini	differently to improve my	
learning partner and/or buddies.	cardboard box castle – with turrets,	instrument.	
	towers and a drawbridge.		
	Autumr	n Term 2	
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Celebrations	Fire and Flames	Key Question – What's the trouble	Benin and beyond – Black Lives
Key Question – What do we	Key Question – Does the past	with the Tomb of Tutankhamun?	Matter
celebrate?	change the future?		Key Question – What were the
			consequences of imperialism in
			Africa?
Research:	Research:	Research:	Research:
What does Santa's sleigh look like?	How do we make a slider? – find out	What is a Canopic jar? Research the	
	and try with paper then card	history and purpose.	DT not taught this term
Make:	Make:	Make:	Make:
Using our fruit boxes, can we make	Design a house with a slider – fire,	Make a Canopic jar using clay.	
a Santa's sleigh?	person or object.	Including own design	
	Make a 2D house from card,		
	acetate, collage and paint.		
Evaluate:	Evaluate:	Evaluate:	Evaluate:
Can we 'make it better'?	What went well – did the slider	What went well, what could be	
	work? Would you change anything?	improved, what would you change?	



Children to evaluate with their learning partner and/or buddies.		

Spring Term 1				
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two	
All creatures great and small	Winnie the Pooh	Key Question – A pinch, a sprinkle, a	World War 2: The Battle of Britain	
Key Question – What are habitats?	Key Question – Who is AA Milne?	fizzle, a sizzle – what magic lies at	Key Question - What exactly is war-	
		the tip of your fingers?	time spirit?	
Research:	Research:	Research:	Research:	
What does a Chinese New Year	Learn some basic stitches and how	What food contributes to a healthy	Rationing: One-pot meal from	
Dragon look like?	to thread a needle – running and	smoothie? What can we add a pinch	Ministry of Food leaflet no. 35	
	cross-stitch.	and sprinkle of?	(sausage roll, potatoes, gravy,	
			parsley, carrots) - understand and	
			apply the principles of a healthy and	
			varied diet; understand seasonality,	
			and know where and how a variety	
			of ingredients are grown, reared,	
			caught and processed.	



Make: A large scale Chinese new year dragon- how long can we make it!	Make: Design a bear – two pieces of fabric joined with a running stitch. Adding finishing touches with different fabric – using scissors to cut out different fabrics.	Make: Make own recipe + smoothie using research. Be able to explain the health benefits to classmates.	Make: prepare and cook a variety of WW2 predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
Evaluate: Does our dragon look like a dragon? Is the head properly attached to the body? Can we hold it together on a walk around the school? Can we 'make it better'?	Evaluate: Does the stitching keep the stuffing in? Do the eyes etc stay on? How would you change it?	Evaluate: Does it taste nice? Could you add/remove anything? What are the health benefits?	Evaluate: Compare with typical meals consumed today.

Spring Term 2

Believe and Achieve



EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Once Upon a time	Bugs and Blooms	Key Question - How high can you	The Vikings
Key Question – Where will your	Key Question – What creatures and	go?	Key Question - How can people
imagination take you?	plants grow in forests?		successfully integrate?
Research:	Research:	Research:	Research:
Which of the three little pig's	How can we use split pins to join	Levers and linkage. Explore	
houses was the strongest? How do	pieces together? – legs, antennae	mechanisms such as levers, flaps	DT not taught this term
we know?	etc.	and sliders.	
Make:	Make:	Make:	Make:
A house for the three little pigs!	Make a body structure, legs and	Select from and use appropriate	
	antennae joined with most suitable	tools with some accuracy to cut,	
	techniques – tabs, folds, flanges,	shape and join paper and card.	
	split pins?	Create their own 'ideal world'	
Evaluate:	Evaluate:	Evaluate:	Evaluate:
Does it stand up when the big bad	Do your bugs move? Can we	Is there oscillating or reciprocating	
wolf hairdryer tries to blow it	recognise what bug you have	movement? Is there anything you	
down?	created?	could do to make it better? What	
		went well?	

Summer Term 1

Believe and Achieve



EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Nature detectives! Key Question – Are we nature?	Meet the Aliens Key Question – What is in space?	Key Question – Do we shape the environment or does the environment shape us?	Gadgets and Gizmos Key Question - Do new designs and technology always change the world for the better?
Research: Where do minibeasts like to live?	Research: What ingredients do we need to make cakes – what do they taste like? How will they make a cake? Find a recipe without eggs. Taste ingredients. Where did they come from?	Research: Textiles. Research joining techniques, e.g. back, blanket and running stitch.	Research: Technical knowledge: understand electrical systems in products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors] Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world
Make: A minibeast hotel!	Make: Design and make space cakes, following a recipe, hygiene and safety with tools and techniques. (HALL)	Make: Design and make own applique of the Earth using a variety of materials and stitches.	Make: Design and make an electrical product that uses electrical systems [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]



Evaluate: Will minibeasts like to live there? Can we 'make it better'?	Evaluate: Did we follow the recipe? Did we add any more ingredients? What would we change if we made them at home?	Evaluate: What do your peers think of your product? Are all your pieces of fabric secure?	Evaluate: Has your electrical product changed the world for the better?
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Summer Term 2				
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two	
Explorers Key Question – Where on Earth are we and where are we going?	We're all going on a summer holiday Key Question – Is the coast the same everywhere in the world?	Key Question – What would the world be like if we embraced new sustainable technology?	Tomorrow's world: utopia and dystopia Key Question - If you could create a new world, what would it be like?	
Research: What makes boats float?	Research: Find out where we can buy locally sources products for our sandwiches. Taste different flavours of sandwich fillings – choose one.	Research: Find out where we can buy sustainable products from. What makes them sustainable? How can we help?	Research: Research automata: understand mechanical systems in products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] Dystopian Architecture	
Make: A tinfoil boat that floats	Make: Use the correct tools to make own	Make: Create own recipe based on	Make: Design and make automata. Apply	
	sandwiches.	products we can sustainable source.	their technical knowledge and	



			understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures; use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] Kit car design and build (Year 6 only)
Evaluate: Does it float when we add lego people? How can we fix it if it doesn't?	Evaluate: Taste test and evaluate – make a graph to record the best sandwiches. Any other flavours you would now like to try?	Evaluate: What skills have you learnt? What went well? What could you improve?	Evaluate: Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work.

DT Cycle B				
Autumn Term 1				
EYFS Key Stage One Lower Key Stage Two Upper Key Stage Two				
Magical Me	No specific DT this term	Key question - Hunting & Gathering	DT not taught this term.	
Key Question - What makes me,		information - how has Britain		
me?		changed since the Stone Age?		



Research: Junk modelling – how can we turn a box into something else? Using the book: 'Not a box'		Research: Use information books to research the woolly mammoth.	
Make: Child choice – will the box be a pirate ship? A rocket? A castle? A fire engine?		Make: a realistic woolly mammoth, choosing appropriate materials	
Evaluate: Can we 'make it better'? Children to evaluate with their learning partner and/or buddies.		Evaluate: How lifelike is my model?	
	Autumr	Term 2	
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Celebrations Key Question – What do we celebrate?	Toys Key question – What are toys like now and from the past?	Key Question – Victorian England – why was there such a divide?	Key Question – What does it take to survive?
Research: What does Santa's sleigh look like?	Research: Explore and evaluate a range of wheeled products such as toys and everyday objects.	Research: Find out who Isambard Kingdom Brunel was.	Research: components and ideal insulating materials needed to make a thermal flask



Make: Using our fruit boxes, can we make a Santa's sleigh?	Make: A toys with wheels and axels.	Make: a strong bridge inspired by Isambard Kingdom Brunel	Make: a thermal flask for Ernest Shackleton	
Evaluate: Can we 'make it better'? Children to evaluate with their learning partner and/or buddies.	Evaluate: How does it work? What changes would you make?	Evaluate: How could the bridge be even stronger?	Evaluate: Does it work? Will it keep Shackleton's tea warm?	
	Spring Term 1			
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two	
All creatures great and small Key Question – What are habitats?	See Art (DT) – sculpture project.	Key Question – Nurture vs Nature - What are my roots?	Key Question – Does wealth bring happiness?	
Research: What does a Chinese New Year Dragon look like?		Research: different ways of representing family trees – 2D and 3D	Research: Investigate and analyse a range of existing products.	
Make: A large scale Chinese new year dragon- how long can we make it!		Make: Family Tree inspired project	Make: Design and evaluate an interactive toy (link to computing)	



Evaluate: Does our dragon look like a dragon? Is the head properly attached to the body? Can we hold it together on a walk around the school? Can we 'make it better'?		Evaluate: How could it be more easily understood by the user?	Evaluate: How will this product be ethically made?
		Spring Term 2	
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Once Upon a time Key Question – Where will your imagination take you?	No DT taught this term	Key Question - How does London light up?	Key Question – Do animals have rights?
Research: Which of the three little pig's houses was the strongest? How do we know?		Research: how light and shadow are thought about when designing monuments. How can light be used to enhance monuments?	Research: Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet; prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques; understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed – eggs.
Make: A house for the three little pigs!		Make: a London landmark	Make: tomato, cheese and basil omelette.



Evaluate: Does it stand up when the big bad wolf hairdryer tries to blow it down?	Evaluate:	Evaluate: Will this stand the test of time?	Evaluate: How could we vary the ingredients to make a different omelette?
	Summe	r Term 1	
EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Nature detectives! Key Question – Are we nature?	Pirates Key Question – Are pirates real?	Key Question – Life in North America – how does it differ?	DT not taught this term
Research:	Research:	Research: mask making techniques	
Where do minibeasts like to live?	Find local structures and look at ships and boats e.g. What are the structures called and what is their purpose? How have the structures been made strong enough? How have they been made stable?		
Make:	Make:	Make: Day of the Dead masks	
A minibeast hotel!	• Children to fold paper or card in different ways to make freestanding BOAT structures, using masking tape where necessary to make joins. How can they make them stronger, stiffer, stand up and be more stable e.g. without it falling or breaking.		



Evaluate: Will minibeasts like to live there? Can we 'make it better'?	Evaluate: Ask children to evaluate their developing ideas and final products against original design criteria.	Evaluate: How have different materials contributed to the designs?			
EYFS	Summer Term 2 EYFS Key Stage One Lower Key Stage Two Upper Key Stage Two				
Explorers Key Question – Where on Earth are we and where are we going?	No DT taught this term	Key Question – Seeking a safe haven - who helps refugees?	DT not taught this term.		
Research: What makes boats float?		Research: research online recipes			
Make: A tinfoil boat that floats		Make: traditional food from a different country			
Evaluate: Does it float when we add lego people? How can we fix it if it doesn't?		Evaluate: How could we improve the flavour? How could we encourage others to try this new food?			